

German terrorists kill Schleyer response to commando rescue

Industrialist Hanns-Schleyer, 62, kidnapped six days ago, was found dead in the trunk of a car in Muhlhausen, France. German television in a regular evening programme announced that "Hanns-Schleyer is dead."

Schleyer was led to the car by the Commando of the Red Army. The discovery of Schleyer's body, throat cut, followed fears by West German officials of an end to terrorist attacks in Germany.

Radical lawyers voiced as that the three members of the Red Army were, the Baden-Wuerttemberg government invited three lawyers to take part in autopsy.

German Red Army terrorists issued a communique in which they claimed responsibility for the murder.

Communique said the head of the German businessmen's association has been killed in retaliation for the "massacre" of Mogadishu and Stammheim, referring to the killing of Red Army hijackers in the liberation of the hostages from the Lufthansa jetliner in Somalia and Tuesday's suicide of three Red Army leaders in Germany's Stammheim jail.

A violent backlash to the deaths erupted almost immediately. Bombs wrecked three German automobile showrooms in the Italian cities of Turin and Leghorn early yesterday. A caller to an Italian news agency said the "revolutionary armed groups" were responsible for the Turin attacks.

In Paris and Nice German tourist buses were set on fire. Leftists marched in Rome, Milan, Genoa, Athens and London.

In Germany itself the success of the Mogadishu raid sent a wave of jubilation through the country; many people hoped that an end was now near to a decade of urban terrorist violence.

While ultra leftists in Europe demonstrated with bombs as well as shouts against the commando rescue of the skyjack passengers and the deaths of the imprisoned terrorists, world opinion united almost solidly in support of the West German raid.

But the congratulatory editorials and the commendations of ordinary citizens were tempered by surprise at the reported suicides of the three jailed terrorists.

Seventeen West Berlin lawyers who have represented accused terrorists were widely quoted for their statement that they feared the deaths were the result of calls to kill imprisoned terrorists in revenge for the hijacking of the Lufthansa airliner and for the kidnapping of industrialist Schleyer.

A preliminary investigation disclosed that the three terrorists who died on Tuesday killed themselves after they learned of the failure of the hijackers' plan to free them, justice authorities in Stuttgart said yesterday.

However, a lawyer for Andreas Baader claimed the convicted terrorist died in his cell of a bullet wound in the back of the neck and expressed doubt he committed suicide.

Lawyer Heinz Funke told a news conference he saw the fatal wound at an autopsy in Tübingen, where Baader's body was taken on Tuesday from his cell.

An angry Somalia lashed out yesterday at suggestions it agreed to the West German commando raid, in return for economic aid.

A Somali government spokesman described foreign news reports that Somalia was motivated by promises of West German aid as "cheap and unfounded propaganda."

It had always been Somalia's policy to oppose international terrorism, the spokesman said and Somalia's action over the hijack was consistent with its humanitarian principles. (AP, UPI)

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Pearce said then in an statement that he had received from Waldheim indicating

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However, in answering a question on the relationship between settlement in the territories and the right of self-determination, he declared: "It is essential to understand an important difference between the Sinai and the Golan Heights, on the one hand, and the West Bank and Gaza, on the other."

"Territory in the Sinai and the Golan from which Israel withdrew will clearly revert respectively to Egypt and Syria, whose sovereignty is not disputed. The issue of self-determination is therefore not germane in these two cases."

"In the West Bank and Gaza, (Continued on page 2, col. 5)

Bonn sacks six officers after 'Jew-burning' act

BONN (Reuters). — Six young officers were dismissed from the West German Army yesterday for their part in a symbolic "Jew-burning" ceremony at a Munich military academy.

The other lieutenants who took part in the anti-Semitic incident, in which young soldiers shouted "Sieg Heil" and sang old Nazi party songs, would be disciplined, Defence Minister Georg Leber announced.

The dismissals were expected after a political furor over the incident. The cabinet stated last week there was no room for neo-Nazi or anti-Semitism in the West German Army.

The Inspector-General of the armed forces, General Harald Wust,

U.S. Navy halts Phantom flights

WASHINGTON (AP). — The U.S. Navy halted flights of its 1,800 Phantom fighter-bombers and reconnaissance planes on Tuesday pending inspection for cracks and corrosion in an assembly unit which controls the aircraft's flight stabilizer.

A spokesman said yesterday the inspections will require about five man-hours of work per plane, and that about 95 per cent of the aircraft should have completed the check within two weeks.

A Pentagon spokesman said other countries that had bought the Phantoms had been told about the grounding through their embassies in Washington.

In Israel, official military sources refused to comment on the report, and what, if any, steps have been taken here. Two months ago when reports reached Israel that it had been decided to ground C-130 transporters due to a suspected fault in wing structure, the Air Force here pointedly turned away any queries.

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THE WEATHER

Forecast: Scattered showers.

	Yesterday's	Yesterday's	Today's
	Humidity	Min-Max	Max
Jerusalem	66	11-18	18
Golan	44	13-18	18
Nahariya	44	13-18	18
Safed	46	11-18	18
Tiberias	46	11-18	18
Thiberias	46	14-20	20
Nazareth	44	14-21	21
Afula	44	14-22	22
Shamron	—	14-17	18
Tel Aviv	57	16-24	24
B-C Airport	49	16-25	25
Jericho	49	16-25	25
Gaza	49	16-23	23
Beersheba	28	12-24	25
Eilat	25	17-29	30
Tiran Straits	30	20-27	28

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Knesset Speaker Yitzhak Shamir yesterday received two Swiss parliamentarians, Prof. Walter Hoter and Dr. Walter Biel.

Archimandrite Nicolai, the new head of the Russian Ecclesiastical Mission of the Patriarchate of Moscow, called on Mayor Teddy Kollek yesterday. He also called on the Interior Ministry's Jerusalem District Representative, Raphael Levy.

Prof. Lise Ostergaard, Minister without Portfolio in the Danish government, spoke last night in Petah Tikva at the annual Danah-Israel rally commemorating the rescue of Danish Jews from the Nazis in October 1943. The meeting, sponsored jointly by the "Friends of Denmark in Israel" and the Petah Tikva municipality, was attended by a large number of Israelis and visiting Danes. Also addressing the gathering was Knesset Speaker Yitzhak Shamir.

The Chilweich Family Chair of Studies in Social Integration, in memory of Yonatan Netanyahu, and the Stanley H. Picker Student Recreation Centre, were dedicated on Tuesday at Ben-Gurion University during the university board of governors conference.

Prof. Kurt Stern of the Bar Ilan University life sciences department has been awarded a prize by the American Society of Clinical Pathologists for his pioneering work in immunohaematology.

A group of wives of members of Bank Leumi's board of directors in Europe and the U.S. yesterday toured Wizo Institutions in the Tel Aviv area. Before the tour, they met with Mrs. Ruth Isaacson, acting chairman of the World Wizo Executive, from whom they received a brief but comprehensive account of the organization's significance and activities in Israel and abroad.

Dr. R.J. Huettneraich, consumer testing expert from Berlin, will lecture in Haifa today on consumer protection experiences in Germany. The lectures will be given at 5 p.m. at the Haifa Labour Council, in English, and at 8 p.m., at Moacan Baaleh, 124 Sderot Hanassi, in German.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Sam Rothberg, General Chairman of Israel Bonds, for a brief visit.

The following UJA missions: West Coast, Denver, Florida, Hollywood, Florida, Harrisburg/Tucson, and a mixed mission.

DEPARTURES

Shaul Ben-Shimon, member of the Histadrut's coordinating committee and chairman of the World Association of North African Jews, for Paris, to organize a delegation of North African Jews to participate in the World Jewish Congress in Washington on October 30.

Funeral services held for Ferry Friedman

Ferry Friedman, Jerusalem industrialist and the co-owner of S. Friedman Co., was buried at Jerusalem's Sanhedria Cemetery yesterday afternoon. He died on Sunday in Milwaukee, Wis.

Born in Debrecen, Hungary, in 1914, Friedman settled in Jerusalem in 1926. He and his brother Lajos turned a simple mechanical appliances manufacturing workshop into a huge appliances factory which at one time employed over 600 workers. In 1976 the manufacturing process was discontinued to concentrate on the import and service of foreign-made products.

Friedman was eulogized by Avraham (Buma) Shavit, president of Israeli Manufacturers' Association. He is survived by his wife, son and two daughters. (A2)

BNEI BRAK Municipal employees held a warning strike yesterday as a prelude to a general strike by some 1,400 workers set for November 3.

Thirty days after the passing of our dear

MOSZE (Mietek) FINKELKRAUT

there will be a memorial service and unveiling of the tombstone at the Holon Cemetery on Sunday, October 23, 1977 at 4.00 p.m. A special bus will leave from 15 Rehov Motzkin, Tel Aviv at 3.15 p.m.

The family

With deep regret, we announce the death of

Rabbi Dr. WOOLF HIRSCH

The funeral will take place today, Thursday, October 20, 1977, leaving Rambam Hospital at 10.30 a.m., for the Old Cemetery, Hof Hacarmel, Haifa.

The Bereaved Family

Defence budget may shrink by 10 per cent

By SHLOMO MAOZ
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Next year's defence budget will probably go down by 10 per cent in real terms, *The Jerusalem Post* has learned.

Finance Minister Simcha Ehrlich reportedly told Defence Minister Ezer Weizmann yesterday that he was prepared to increase the current budget of IL39.3 billion by only 20 per cent in fiscal 1978 — 10 per cent less than the expected rate of inflation. It is understood that the Treasury's proposal is currently unacceptable to the Defence Minister, who claims that he himself trimmed the current budget by IL1.4 billion earlier this year.

The Treasury's current proposal is not final, *The Post* has learned, since Ehrlich is apparently waiting for the arrival of U.S. Treasury Secretary Michel Blumenthal next month, and for clarifications on Washington foreign aid to Israel before he makes up his mind.

A cut out of the conflict could be found if the U.S. agrees to finance Israeli military production projects, rather than insist that the money be spent in the U.S. This would reduce the need for domestic financing of military production, which is ex-

pected to reach new levels next year with the Likud Government tending to support such expensive projects as a locally produced plane.

In the past the U.S. has been reluctant to finance local production, but an important concession was made recently which officials here believe may indicate the start of a new trend when the U.S. Government appropriated \$160m. for the production of the Merkava tank.

With regard to the budget as a whole, the government has said that it hopes to limit spending to an increase of 25 per cent. This will be somewhat problematic, however, for the following reasons:

- Repayment of debts will grow by 35 per cent in real terms, reaching IL40 billion loans.
- Export incentives are expected to grow considerably, not only because of planned devaluation of 26 per cent, but also because of an expected 15 per cent rise in exports (the total expenditure will therefore probably go up by 45 per cent).
- The Treasury plans to invest in infrastructure in order to promote economic growth.

It was said last night that in light of the above, if no cuts are made in the defence budget, social and government services in the country will have to be trimmed.

Drenched Gush settlers move to army building

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Members of Gush Eimunim's Karnel Shmiron settlement group yesterday moved out of their drenched tents in Camp Kaddum and into a two-story stone building the army had temporarily made available for them there.

The settlers complained of harsh conditions the rains caused, but for two days resisted the offered shelter.

Gush Eimunim sources explained the group of 35 families feared that moving into the permanent structure would signify settlement at the site and giving up their demand to move to Abu Karnel in the Tulkarm-Nablus road.

The Ministerial Committee on Settlement opposed their settlement at Abu Karnel, and the settlers tried to take advantage of their harsh conditions. To induce the authorities to change their stand, the settlers asked the committee's chairman, Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon, to give them conditions.

Tuesday and undertook to help them get to their desired site as soon as possible, a source in Camp Kaddum told *The Jerusalem Post*.

The soldiers, who had been living in the two-story building adjacent to the caravans of Gush Eimunim's Eilon Moreh group, moved to other stone structures. Gush Eimunim source said.

B-G Univ. wants bigger role in bridging the social gap

BEERSHEBA. — Studies in the heritage of Oriental Jewry this year are planned as part of a "crash programme" to increase the role of Ben-Gurion University of the Negev in bridging the social gap. The programme was presented this week to the seventh annual board of governors' meeting at the university.

"There is no justification for a country which, in one generation, has turned deserts into blooming fields," reached heights of sophistication in science, in industry, in material life — to find itself, three decades after independence, still in the morass of the social gap," said university president Yosef Tekoa.

The "programme, which was formulated in consultation with heads of Negev settlements, members of Knesset from the region and university faculty members, also proposes that the university will launch a

publicity campaign aimed at encouraging qualified young people, from disadvantaged families to apply for admission;

- It will broaden preparatory courses for high school graduates in development towns, and start new courses for high school drop-outs;
- It will expand its programme to prepare young civic leaders for work in their communities;
- It will set up "Admission Committees" in each Negev development town to observe their growth and special problems and to advise them on educational and social matters;
- The Faculty of Health Sciences will launch a new programme to raise the level of public health care in the Negev.

Tekoa also said the new Chilweich Family chair will sponsor research projects and present new ideas on the subject of social integration.

Labour dispute likely at El Al

By DAVID LENNON
POST Aviation Correspondent

BEN-GURION AIRPORT. — The maintenance men at El Al voted in a secret ballot last night on whether or not to empower their works committee to declare a labour dispute.

The results of the vote will not be known until early today. But, if as expected, the workers support the committee, El Al could face a crippling strike within two weeks.

Committee chairman Eitan Rosenman told a general meeting of the maintenance men yesterday afternoon that he wanted 90 per cent

of them to support the committee's actions to improve their conditions of employment. Their main demand is for changes in shifts which would result in a four-day work week.

He said he did not believe that the Government was serious when it threatened to shut down the airline if labour disputes its operations.

The attendance of about 400 maintenance men, about half of the maintenance staff, appeared overwhelmingly in favour of the committee's actions. One person who spoke against the strike was told to shut up.

Hammer chooses Shmueli as director-general

By SUSAN BELLOS
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Education Minister Zevulun Hammer is to formally recommend to the government next week that Eliezer Shmueli be appointed director-general of the Education Ministry — it was announced last night. If the appointment is approved Shmueli, who has been acting director-general for the past year, will succeed Elad Feled, in the U.S. for nearly a year since last year.

A senior Education Ministry official, who would not give his name for publication, told *The Jerusalem Post* earlier this week that he thought leaving Shmueli as director-general would be "a very shrewd move on

Hammer's part."

Shmueli, who is known for his flexibility, the official said, is not likely to fight over key issues such as the school reform, social integration or the conflict between religious and secular education. Even if he would, which is not likely, the official said, he will have an NRP watchdog for his deputy, and his position is likely to be nominal. However, the retention of Shmueli is seen as the official said, as a sop to the secular public who are becoming increasingly nervous about some of Hammer's recent statements about bringing more Jewishness into the schools.

The other key appointment in the Ministry was also announced last night. Professor Eli Schweid, a Hebrew University philosopher, is to succeed Immanuel Yaffe, who is due to retire this year, as chairman of the Pedagogic Secretariat. The Secretariat is in charge of formulating curricula and methods of instruction. Schweid, who is said to be traditionally oriented, is not known for any NRP attitudes.

It has also been suggested that the ministry that Dr. Yosef Baka, a former head of in-service training at the Ministry, be appointed director of the teacher training and in-service training department.

We sorrowfully announce the untimely passing of our wife and mother

SYLVIA SCHREIBER

The funeral will take place today for funeral arrangements please call 02-437760.

Seymour Schreiber
Shelley and Isaac
Gottlieb
Barbara and Melvin
Friedman

Israel Radio still off air

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israel Radio programmes, except for news bulletins, remained off the air yesterday, as journalists and the Broadcasting Authority management failed to reach an agreement to end the three-day shutdown.

Education and Culture Minister Zevulun Hammer has appealed to the two sides to reach an understanding. The journalists' staff committee told *The Jerusalem Post* last night that it has won a "victory" and that management has agreed to its conditions in exchange for implementing a new programme schedule.

But Authority spokesman Moshe Amirav stated that no agreement has been reached and that the radio will stay off the air until the employees agree to work. Hammer was not available for comment as to which side is telling the truth.

Yehuda Naot, new defence controller

The name of the new controller of the defence establishment was released yesterday by the Defence Ministry. He is Yehuda Naot, 53, a former member of the Irgun Zvai Leumi underground.

Naot takes up the post today, replacing Shimon Avidan, who resigned three months ago.

Naot (res.) Naot left the army after serving as deputy commander of the Artillery Corps. He was a section head in the Transport Ministry when now-Defence Minister Ezer Weizmann was transport minister.

After the national unity government disbanded, Naot worked for the Maritime Fruit Carriers Company under another former IZL leader, Yacov Mador, and was sent to Australia to set up a cattle ranch.

As controller of the defence establishment, Naot will also be responsible for checking the army's operational readiness.

AMENDED

(Continued from page one)

cluding Palestinian Arabs.

The Egyptian position, which was clearly coordinated with Syria and Jordan as well as with the PLO, calls for far-reaching revisions affecting both procedural and substantive issues. The main aims are preserving the united Arab delegation beyond the ceremonial opening session at Geneva, incorporating Arab demands for an Israeli pullback to the pre-1967 war frontiers, and promoting an independent Palestinian entity in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, as a precondition to signing peace treaties between Israel and her Arab neighbours.

It is not clear how much of the Arab position is included in the amended version of the working paper. With regard to the two major Arab demands, the Americans are known to favour a negotiated, near-total (rather than complete) Israeli pullback from Sinai and the Golan Heights and self-determination in the West Bank and Gaza.

Israel has made it clear that it is open to negotiation with the Americans over "reasonable" changes in the initial working paper, provided these do not conflict with her adamant refusal to withdraw to the 1967 frontiers, to establish an independent Palestinian state in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, and to negotiate with the PLO. These Israeli "noes" were reportedly recorded in protocols attached to the initial draft of the working paper during negotiations between Dayan and the U.S. Administration.

In his address yesterday, Fahmy said his country was bound neither by the American-Israeli working paper nor by any pledge made by Washington to Jerusalem. He was presumably referring to U.S. acknowledgement of Israel's right to veto PLO participation at Geneva. Fahmy also said the joint Middle East policy statement which the U.S. and the Soviet Union issued at the beginning of this month cannot be considered binding on Egypt. He said that Egypt could only look for some guidance to that statement, which spoke in broad terms of an overall settlement.

Fahmy said the U.S.-Soviet statement could only serve as a guide, not a blueprint. "Regardless of the weight of the two superpowers on the international level, they cannot decide between themselves our destiny and shape our rights" in the Middle East, he said.

The Egyptian foreign minister nevertheless had a word of praise for the evolution of Arab feeling and understanding of the Arab position, noting that "the American attitude has been improving." He added that attempts by Israel and her lobby to "intimidate and pressure President Carter" into cooling his current Middle East diplomatic offensive have failed.

Air drill put off until this morning

BEN-GURION AIRPORT (Itim).

An Air Force exercise which was to have closed Israel's air space for seven hours yesterday was postponed until today.

The country's skies will be closed to all commercial and private aircraft from 9 a.m. till 12.30 p.m. — only half as long as originally planned.

It is learned that the reason for the postponement was the military authorities' failure to notify the international airlines in advance of yesterday's planned manoeuvres.

Flights scheduled to take off this morning will be moved up to depart before 9 a.m.

Social Security cheques for October delayed

U.S. social security cheques for October for beneficiaries in the Jerusalem consular district have not arrived as scheduled.

The American Consulate General in Jerusalem has asked the Department of Treasury to issue new social security cheques as soon as possible. The cheques will be distributed immediately upon arrival, hopefully before the end of the month.

Begin to visit UK November 20 to

By HYAM COONEY
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON. — New dates for Israel Prime Minister Menachem Begin's official visit to Britain at the invitation of British Prime Minister James Callaghan were announced yesterday. He will arrive on November 25 and stay until November 29.

When Callaghan's invitation was first announced several weeks ago, tentative arrangements called for Begin to come at the end of October or the beginning of November. However, these dates proved to be mutually inconvenient.

Original plans called for the prime minister to visit for four days. Now Begin will be in Britain for only two and a half days, necessitating changes in his itinerary.

This will be the first meeting between the two since Begin became prime minister. Announcing the new dates, the Foreign Office said that Britain and Israel had long-standing connections. "It is only natural that Callaghan should want to establish personal contact with his Israeli opposite number."

Begin is almost certain to meet with Britain's Jewish leaders.

Begin's add:

Announcement by Callaghan's office of the visit brought immediate criticism from two pro-Arab Members of Parliament here because of Begin's role as a former leader of a Jewish underground movement which fought the British Mandate prior to the creation of Israel in 1948.

David Watkins, a Labour MP, told the press: "It is extremely regrettable that a man with a war-criminal background such as Begin should have been invited to Britain without greater consideration. His visit will cause great offence to many people in this country."

Watkins, chairman of the ruling party's Middle East Council, added: "In the past many people who have fought against the British government have later been accepted in London. But those leaders in their later years showed a certain breadth of vision. There is no evidence that Begin is any different today from what he was in the struggle against the British."

During the day, the Israeli pilots had talks with both the government and the Histadrut, and were assured of the full support of both for whatever action they decide is necessary to fight air hijacking and sabotage.

The Foreign Ministry told the pilots that it intends to call on the UN to schedule a debate on air terror before the strike date.

The positive response to the IALPA call by pilots in various countries is in marked contrast to previous attempts to get pilots to strike in protest over hijackings. The appeals by Israeli pilots in the past failed to evoke a serious response.

With the events at Mogadishu still fresh, El Al plans to press home its arguments about the need to intensify airline security. El Al managing director Mordecai Ben-Ari, who has consistently been in the Middle East hijacking began in the Middle East in 1968, is expected to do so again

the British. Christopher Mayhew, a Labour junior minister, as president of the Parliament Association for Euro-Arab C tion, said: "A government always avoid doing business with terrorists and ex-terrorists. Invite Begin as an official to this country is a serious judgement."

"Quite apart from the principle involved... Begin has shown a triumph for the hard Israel. It is a moderate step of a peaceful settlement Mayhew added.

But diplomatic observe Begin's visit would be welcomed by the major Members of Parliament in main parties here.

Begin's talks with Callaghan expected to review the outlook for the Geneva East peace conference. T also probably discuss the at Britain and her European C ty partners on various key in any Arab-Israeli settle-

Israeli pilots to join world air-strike

By DAVID LENNON
Jerusalem Post Aviation Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — The Israeli Airline Pilots Association decided yesterday evening to join the 48-hour flight ban called by the International Federation of Air Line Pilots Associations (Ialpa) to protest against air terror.

The stoppage will begin at noon G.M.T. on October 25, unless the UN General Assembly agrees to hold a debate on air terror. If there is a debate but it does not result in the declaration of anti-hijack measures, the pilots are likely to reschedule their strike.

Captain Asher Neeman and Captain Nathan Navot of the Israel Association's executive said that by yesterday evening 30 pilots' associations had already announced that they would support the strike. Captain Neeman said he expected many of the 65 pilots' associations to join the move.

The International Transport Association (IAT) its 32nd annual meeting in next month.

Ben-Ari has long argued, deaf ears, that it is more ir to ensure passengers' safety they board the planes, and than to try to negotiate terrorists after a hijack.

The El Al spokesman was anxious yesterday to management appreciable company's pilots, who operate under conditions or their colleagues in no other national airline. This lengthy periods spent lock the cockpit as an anti-measure.

He noted that despite the tions, the pilots had helped against the major air developing methods for long-distance flights.

State Dep't sees slowdown in new areas settlements

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — Assistant Secretary of State Alfred Atherton yesterday said the U.S. has observed indications that the Israel government is "slowing down the pace" of establishing new settlements in the Administered Territories when compared to the government's stated platform.

Testifying before a House international relations subcommittee, Atherton said that the Israel government was also making "some adjustment" in the "nature" of these settlements, apparently after taking the Carter Administration's opposition to new settlements into consideration.

But he declined to state that the U.S. and Israel have reached an "understanding" on this issue. The two countries, he explained, have discussed the issue "at great length" and the U.S. has made its position "very clear."

Atherton said that the U.S. has neither "approved nor disapproved" of the Israel decision to limit new settlements at this time to existing military encampments, rather than to permit the establishment of purely civilian settlements. He said this military-related scheme by the Begin government creates "less of a problem" for the U.S., although he made it clear that Washington would prefer to see no settlements whatever established.

During questioning, Atherton revealed that the State Department has not thoroughly examined the question of settlements since the Washington Post article of late 1968, and was being very careful in its position on a 1968 memorandum which stated the settlement should be "illegal."

Representative Benjamin Rosenthal (Dem.-NY) asked Atherton to have the legal adviser at the State Department prepare a new brief on the issue — and Atherton agreed that this was a good idea.

No one owns West Bank

(Continued from page one)

however, the situation is different. Both of these territories were part of the British Mandate of Palestine. While the legitimate existence of a sovereign Israel in part of Palestine is recognized, the question of sovereignty in the part of Palestine remaining outside of Israel under the 1949 armistice agreements has not been finally resolved. Jordan in May 1968 declared that its annexation of the West Bank was without prejudice to the final settlement of the Palestine issue, and Egypt did not make any sovereign claim to the Gaza Strip during the time it was the administering authority there.

"Israel similarly noted the undefined nature of sovereignty in the West Bank and Gaza."

For the U.S., Atherton said, the important thing concerning the future disposition of the West Bank and Gaza is that the arrangement be acceptable to the parties concerned. There is no clear consensus with respect to the question of whether, and if so how, self-determination might be expressed, or to the timing of such an expression. Whether such a consensus can be achieved in the negotiating process, that lies ahead, remains to be seen.

This he said, pointed up the importance of reconvening the Geneva Middle East peace conference.

DMC JOINING THE COALITION

(Continued from page one)

sharpest confrontation ever with the U.S.

Three months ago he had not imagined the confrontation was so near, he added.

A government with a broader base is needed under such conditions, Tamir told *The Jerusalem Post*. Participation in the daily decision-making process is more significant than criticizing from the outside, he said.

Wirshubski argued that this government deserves to be toppled, not joined. He blamed the government for the fact that the confrontation was approaching so quickly.

But Amit and MK Shmuel Toledano countered that the Begin government had proved more flexible than anticipated, and that the government could not be blamed for the deteriorating situation.

The majority also rejected the opposition claim that the party was ignoring its principals. Members of the former Shinui movement stressed that an opposition party can do very little to achieve its goals.

Ram Ron, DMC's executive secretary, warned that remaining in the opposition would turn the DMC into an insignificant little party.

Some leaders argued that the majority of the public wants to see the DMC in the government.

One speaker yesterday reported that Begin's heart condition was also "in the air," although it was not used as an argument for joining the coalition during the formal debate. The source, who asked not to be identified, said it had been mentioned before the meeting.

He said that Yadin will be acting prime minister during Begin's absence will enhance the DMC's position in the expected struggle for the succession.

Eli Eyal, who heads the party's information division, claimed this question was being used to ruin DMC-Likud relations and ensure that the DMC remains in the opposition. "Those who want to torpedo relations with the Likud, especially with Mr. Begin, mention his health as a factor in our considerations."

This consideration does not exist," he stated. But he conceded Begin's health had been mentioned. (Sources said Wirshubski had asked members not to consider this question

Hammer: Terrorism up — but so is vigilance

By ABRAHAM WALLERSTEIN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Hammer, who is filling in for Interior Minister Burg, was replying to an urgent motion for a debate on terrorism. Conceding that terrorism has increased in the last year, the minister said, however, that a larger proportion of terrorists have been brought to book.

Police and other security forces had stepped up their presence in public places and increased their own vigilance as well as that of the population, Hammer said. The motion was to be discussed.

Moshe Shaleh, said that the police had been able to step up their activity as they were being supplied with ever more modern arms and equipment. Apart from a closer watch at the borders, he said, must see to it that terror bases abroad are not immune from punishment.

Hammer suggested that some Cabinet members might be too busy politicking to fight effectively. He mentioned no names.

At Hurwitz, the Minister of Education, said that the dismissal of staff from the state plant at Dimona. Both were sent to prison. Hurwitz said that all those who obstruct efficiency dismissals must realize that they were the only key to Israel's future effectiveness in the European Common Market. Every plant would have to reduce wage and overheads.

Hammer believed a compromise could be reached, setting a minimum number of Kibbutz years. But in any case there were lots of available in and around Dimona.

The first mover, Meti Pa'il (Shelli), spent time in a raucous shouting match with the Alignment benches as he blamed the Hahadut for ineffectiveness in the dimona case.

The second mover, Jacques Amir (Alignment-Labour), said the Kibbutz labour contract prohibited dismissals. The nation's workers would react sharply against this sort of behaviour, he warned.

One of the dismissed employees was blind, aged 64, and waiting to go on pension in six months' time, Amir charged. Another was a pregnant mother in her eighth month. He called on Hurwitz to see that everybody kept his job.

Kibbutz lost money because of poor management, Amir said — not poor workers. (See story page 7)

Zevulun Hammer, speaking earlier as Education Minister, said that his officials had demanded that the quarter be stationed at schools in the Hahadut quarter of Tel Aviv, which had been attacked frequently by burglars and vandals. The ministry had done all it could, he claimed.

Replying to an urgent motion for the agenda by Ora Namir (Alignment-Labour) which was voted to a committee, Hammer said older children should do volunteer guard duty, not to stop burglars or vandals, but to make sure the police were summoned quickly.

Namir said that six schools in the Hahadut quarter had everything valuable stolen, in a series of successive break-ins. When the vandals found nothing worth stealing, they strewed the buildings with filth, litter and even excrement, she said.

Namir charged that the ministry, the police and the city appeared to be passing the buck. The demand for guards had produced no results, she said.

At question-time yesterday, Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon made the following points:

- The ministry will combat illegal slaughtering

by giving cattle identity cards, and by insisting that the police enforce the law against backyard butchers. Court sentences in the past were too lenient to deter (to Shoshana Arbell — Alignment).

Previous Ministers of Agriculture did nothing to enforce the government decision of 1968 to have only six regional abattoirs in the country. They did nothing to close down the sub-standard abattoirs in Ramatana, Petah Tikva, Pardes Hanna, Karkur, Hadera, Ramat Gan, Beit She'an and Kiryat Shmona. But now we shall take action (to Naftali Feder — Alignment-Mapam).

In July 1976 the then Minister of Agriculture approved the granting of a farm in Moshav Beit Zayit near Jerusalem to a senior official of the Jewish National Fund, at the request of the Jewish Agency. The Israel Lands Administration objected, but the then minister overruled these objections, and the official got his plot. Some years earlier, a Jewish Agency official got a farm in Moshav Ora, and the administration was not even notified (to Meir Zorin — Democratic Movement for Change).

Absorption Minister David Levi said:

- Conductor Rudolf Barshai will have 28 per cent of the area of his million lira apartment in Tel Aviv registered in his own name, in return for taking a mortgage of IL250,000. The rest of the apartment bought for him will be registered in the name of a subsidiary of the Tel Aviv Municipality (to Shmuel Toledano — Democratic Movement for Change).
- Religious Affairs Minister Aharon Abutahira said:

The ministry has again reminded the Hahadut Kadisha (burial societies) that the names and addresses of hereditary families must not be given to anyone, including charitable organizations, gravestone masons, and institutions willing to pay prayers for a fee (to Feder).

Schoolchildren to visit Israeli Arab villages

By SUSAN BELLOS
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israeli Jewish schoolchildren will be taken to Arab towns and villages this year on study tours and exchange programmes, Eliahu Mansour, of the Education Ministry's Arabic-language division told The Jerusalem Post yesterday. He said that the scheme would also bring Israeli Arab children into Jewish homes.

There have been "a few" attempts in the past to bring Jewish and Arab children together, Mansour said, but this year's programme — which will involve up to 100 schools — will be the most extensive to date.

Mansour, who prepared a report which the division published earlier this week, said that teachers of Arabic had already attended courses this summer which involved study trips to Arab centres. They had thus prepared the ground for their pupils' visits later on this year, the aim of which is not only to improve their

spoken Arabic and to get to know local Arab culture but also "to promote friendship between the two peoples."

Exchange visits will be arranged in the Nazareth and Negev regions and also, for the first time ever, between East and West Jerusalem pupils, he said.

The Education Ministry's report notes that the number of pupils learning Arabic has increased tenfold over the past nine years. In 1968, 7,000 children studied Arabic as compared to 80,000 today, representing about a third of the elementary school population.

According to Mansour, there are plans this year to introduce Arabic from the fourth grade, as was recommended by a recent committee of experts headed by Professor Moshe Piatenza. (Arabic is an elective in Jewish schools. Arab children in Israel are required to learn Hebrew from the second grade.)

Textbook rules changed to save parents some money

By SUSAN BELLOS
Jerusalem Post Reporter

It will be strictly forbidden to issue a new edition of a school textbook for five years, unless this is warranted by substantive changes in the subject matter. This was announced yesterday by Moshe Glibo, chairman of the Ministry of Education's authorization committee on textbooks.

This reform is likely to result in a real savings for parents, who have often been prevented from using second-hand editions because the publishers' with the approval of the Education Ministry — have used the slightest change as an excuse to bring out a new edition.

Glibo added that schools will also have the right to go on using an old textbook for another three years after a new textbook is published. All school textbooks will have to be cleared by the authorizations com-

mittee. This includes books put out by the universities and even publications of the Education Ministry's curriculum centre.

The ministry has also announced that officials who write textbooks will not be allowed to put their titles or positions on the fly-leaf or cover. It will also be forbidden for ministry officials, such as district supervisors, to put pressure on principals or teachers to use their books.

Ministry and municipal education officials have had a captive market for their textbooks until now. It is unlikely that this change, well-intentioned as it is, will be very effective, since all principals and teachers know the names of local ministry officials and supervisors.

As one teacher said yesterday, and promotions in schools.

As one teacher said yesterday, "There are subtle forms of official pressure, such as allocations and promotions in schools."

Traffic blocked to protest slow buses

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BNEI BRAK. — Residents of the Pardess Katz neighbourhood here blocked traffic yesterday morning at the Jabotinsky-Mivtza Kadash intersection to protest infrequent and overcrowded bus services to the area from Tel Aviv.

The demonstrators created serious snarls in Tel Aviv-bound traffic until they were dispersed by police.

Later in the morning, representatives of the protesters told police officials at the Dan precinct headquarters in Ramat Gan that buses arrive as much as an hour late and often fail to pick up passengers. A meeting between neighbourhood representatives and Dan officials has been set for Sunday to solve the problem.

A spokesman for Dan told The Jerusalem Post yesterday that he "sympathized" with the residents of the area. He said the problem was due to traffic snarls within Tel Aviv, which force the buses to travel at a slower pace. This produces longer intervals between return trips and greater numbers of passengers on the buses.

He said more buses would only increase the congestion that produces the problem. The possible solutions are the introduction of more express lines or changes in the routes.

282 SCHOLARSHIPS totalling IL\$85,000 were recently awarded by the America-Israel Cultural Foundation to students of music, dancing, and the plastic arts in academic and pre-academic institutions, and for private study.

Rabbinate vote delayed nine months

By MOSHE KOHN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Chief Rabbinate underwent a year of parliamentary investigation as when the Knesset passed final readings of the bill post-Rabbinate elections by nine months' and extending the term of the incumbent Chief and Chief Rabbinate Council same period. The measure retroactive to last Saturday a terms expired.

Arrage — from all sections of the Rabbinate or of the religion — was a continuation yesterday, when the bill passed reading.

All, submitted by Religious Minister Ezer Weisman, was then sent to the Legal, Legislation and Law Committee, whose chairman, the Religious Party's David Aharon, brought it back to the plenary with a few changes.

Amendments to the final verbiage by five Opposition members were rejected. The vote of the NRP, the Alignment's Rabbi Shalom, and Samuel Sharon. The Alignment, Yisraeli, Pnueli Agudat Independent Liberals and Rights Movement cast 22 against the bill.

Thursday evening's vote, when Meti Pa'il both times was rejected, was a surprise. The existence of the Chief Rabbinate the day after the election. None of the 15 static Movement for Change

and five Democratic Front for Peace and Equality MKs was in the chamber during yesterday's vote.

The major change in the legislation reduced the nine-month term of the Rabbinate from the 13-month limit in the original version.

The Alignment's Haim Zadok, Moshe Shaleh and Moshe Amar, CRM's Shulamit Aloni, and PAT's Kalman Kahana wanted the waiting period reduced to six months.

All the speakers defending their proposed amendments said that six months — "seven three months" — was more than enough. "If those concerned were really interested in holding the Chief Rabbinate elections," Speaker after speaker said it was "for internal political reasons" and "because of the bad blood within the Chief Rabbinate," that those responsible wish to drag the matter on and on. Some said or implied that the elections would not even take place in nine months and those responsible would again come to the House to seek another extension.

All the speakers attacked the retroactivity clause. Amar said it might be a good thing for everybody, including the Rabbinate itself, if the election reduced the waiting period without pay. "They have in any case lost all credibility with the public and with themselves," Rabbi Kahana said that nothing terrible would happen if there were a temporary hiatus. On the contrary, he said, repeating the statement he made in Tuesday's debate, this might spur those responsible to speed the elections. Even Sephardi Chief Rabbi Ovadia Yosef, Kahana said, was in favour of speedy elections.

At this point a bitter exchange broke out between Kahana and several NRP members over his "slandering" of Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi Goren and over his attack on the NRP and its daily newspaper, "Hatsoref." For allegedly distorting his remarks on Tuesday concerning the retroactivity clause. The paper yesterday quoted him as saying that "it is possible to exist without a Chief Rabbinate."

The NRP's David Glass said in reply that both the Chief Rabbinate Elections Regulations and past experience show that this "is the most complicated election process we have in the country," and that six months would not suffice to arrive at the consensus needed between all the Rabbinate's constituent groups. He pointed out, there are certain matters that only the Chief Rabbinate, and no other authority is empowered to deal with.

Vote on Jerusalem chief Rabbis Nov. 13

A final date — November 13 — has been set for the holding of elections for Ashkenazi and Sephardi chief rabbis of Jerusalem.

The vote was postponed a week because the parties in the municipality, which choose some of the electoral college's members, said they were not ready to meet. The Jerusalem Council will meet in the Rabbat-Kohavi Synagogue in the Old City to cast their votes.

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MK urges probe of Druse veterans' housing problems

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A Druse MK of the Likud faction wrote to four cabinet ministers yesterday and charged that the government's discriminatory housing policy towards Druse veterans of the 1948 war was responsible for the growing reluctance of young Druse to serve in uniform and the growing disloyalty to the state among the Druse community.

Amal Nasr e-Din wrote to Defence Minister Ezer Weisman, Interior Minister Yosef Burg, Housing Minister Gideon Patt and Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon, who are involved in the problem of facilities for Druse army veterans.

Nasr e-Din charged that veterans of his community had such difficulty in getting building licences and housing loans that they had no choice, very often, but to build without a permit.

"The government itself will be responsible for losing the friendship of the Druse people," Nasr e-Din warned. He demanded an immediate and thorough investigation of Druse veterans' housing problems.

Better job-deal sought for olim

Jerusalem Post Reporter

PETAH TIKVA. — Immigrants should be exempt from the "last hired first fired" rule during their first two years in Israel, Zvi Wolfe, head of the Hahadut's Immigrant Absorption Department, told a gathering of absorption workers and volunteers here on Tuesday night.

Wolfe said his organization will bring several resolutions to next month's Hahadut convention regarding protection of the rights of immigrant workers. Many employers hire immigrants and then rehire them to avoid giving them tenure, he said, and this is one of the things the Hahadut should fight.

Wolfe added that unhappy immigrants, who find Israel a closed and overly materialistic society, convince many other potential olim not to come. He said those immigrants who are successfully absorbed and happy in Israel should be encouraged to write to people in their countries of origin to show the positive side of the picture.

Alignment men to visit Humphrey

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Alignment faction chairman Moshe Shaleh yesterday cabled two faction men currently in New York for the UN General Assembly session, and asked them to visit Minnesota Senator Hubert Humphrey and express Israel's appreciation for all the Senator had done on behalf of the State. Humphrey is gravely ill.

Shaleh asked Gad Ya'acobi and Ad Amoral to call on Humphrey to make up for Dayan's omission to make the visit, while he was in the U.S.

Despite the denial issued yesterday by the Foreign Ministry that Dayan had ever been invited to see the Senator, the Alignment announcement reiterated that several friends of Humphrey and friends of Israel had asked that Dayan go and see him, but he "tactlessly ignored them."

Wolfson Talmud centre dedicated

Education Minister Zevulun Hammer said yesterday there is "a growing desire in the nation today to seek its roots." Sir Isaac Wolfson's decision to endow a centre for talmudic studies is therefore "timely," he said.

Hammer was speaking at the centre's dedication yesterday at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem. (The Jerusalem Post reported incorrectly yesterday that the ceremony had taken place on Tuesday.)

Sir Isaac and Lady Wolfson attended the dedication on the Givat Ram campus. Also present were British Ambassador John Mason, university President Avraham Harman, rector Prof. Gideon Caspi, Knesset members, Jewish scholars and other guests.

Sir Isaac made the endowment on the occasion of his 80th birthday. Harman presented him with a facsimile of the Aleppo Codex, published recently by the university.

unteering seen as 'woman's work'

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Assurance of most men to do work is in doing the on as "women's work," and is serious repercussions in disaffected families, according to Herlitz, head of the Centre for Volunteer Services.

ing with reporters in m yesterday, the former estimated that about 15,000 men work on a week in the various projects around the country, the reluctance of men to do volunteer work, said Herlitz, under manpower is really over.

blem begins in the teens, inued. At a high school in where 11th graders were red to select a course that volunteer work, only eight ed up out of a class of 38. e fourth year in a row, the r Volunteer Services, set up

at the suggestion of the Prime Minister's Office to coordinate the efforts of various organizations and institutions, is awarding a volunteer's prize, this time under the patronage of President Ephraim Katzir.

Six individuals and two organizations will receive the prize, a metal-and-wood plaque, at a ceremony in the Jerusalem Theatre on Sunday.

Bethor Mason, of Moshav Aminadav outside Jerusalem, another of 13 who drives an ambulance and administrators first aid at the Jerusalem Magen David Adom centre.

Emanuel and Rahel Frankel of Tel Aviv, who work with disadvantaged children, tutoring them in reading and organizing a choir.

Odeda Eyal of Pardes Hanna, a volunteer in the Civil Guard who drives an ambulance and runs the Civil Guard command post in the absence of its officer in charge.

Orit Kedar and Gila Shevotov of Ashdod, for working with disadvantaged youngsters in the town.

The Jerusalem Volunteer's Committee (Hava Ya'ari and Dvora Elilior).

Harima of Hagera, a group of young settlers from Kibbutz Ramat Maghlinim and Moshav Neve "Adopting" needy families in Tiberias.

They were selected from some 500 nominations offered to Beit Hanesani by the public. On Sunday morning, a seminar on volunteerism will be held at the Van Leer Foundation.

Herlitz and her centre have proposed 38 volunteer projects in which citizens are invited to take part to mark Israel's 30th anniversary of independence next year. Another such as to be in some another selfless mission? In some hotel, Herlitz suggests that at least 30,000 Diaspora Jews be invited to private Israeli homes and learn firsthand about the country.

L AVIV DERBY HEADS SCHEDULE

League champions Tel Aviv return to Bloomfield on Saturday for the derby Tel Aviv Betar.

bi did not look like champion last week, going 1:1 to Jerusalem Hapoel, and less likely showing will be of them against Betar. And by Vicky Peretz and Benk and supported by Moshe er and Yaron should be good. Tel Aviv Betar played a ster game last Saturday iding Jerusalem Betar to a . than in their 0:5 defeat in the week before.

SOCCER PREVIEW Paul Kohn

On paper Tel Aviv Maccabi look to have the edge.

League leaders Hahadut Hapoel play at home in Kiryat Haim against Jerusalem Hapoel. Both teams will be taking the field with confidence after their early season successes, promising a fine game. Jerusalem Hapoel, led by Nahum Steinhack who coached Hahadut Hapoel last season, might well hold the Hahadut side and

win a point.

Netanya Maccabi are at home, where they play their best football and should pack enough punch to beat Acre Hapoel, who have not had the happiest start to the season. Maccabi or Lavie, and perhaps both of them, should be among the goalcorers.

Jerusalem Betar appear to have a much stiffer home fixture against visiting Jaffa Maccabi. Although Jaffa Maccabi have so far not shown their best form they are one of the best sides in the country. This game holds promise of a tough fight, but home ground advantage may enable Malmilliam, Neuman, Kirat and Co. to score a narrow win.


Shimon, who won away against Ramat Gan Hakoah last week, entertain Hadera Hapoel at Bloomfield. This match is not likely to produce a glut of goals, but Shimon could emerge as narrow winners.

No football-pools punter managed to get all 13 games marked right last week, but those showing 13 games right will be richer by IL25,000. Eleven results will be worth IL1,650 and even 10 correct results will win about IL200.

More than IL4.5m. was risked on the pools last week, and Sportoto promise a minimum payout out of IL2.75m. after Saturday's games, including IL1.6m. to be distributed among those marking all 13 games correctly.

Sportoto guide:

Yehud Hapoel v Tel Aviv Hapoel x
Tel Aviv Maccabi v Tel Aviv Betar 1
Shimon v Ramat Gan Hapoel x
Hahadut Hapoel v Jerusalem Hapoel x
Beersheba Hapoel v Hakoah 1
Netanya Maccabi v Acre Hapoel 1
Jerusalem Betar v Jaffa Maccabi 1
Tirat Hacarmel Hapoel v P. Tikva Mac. 1
Ramat Gan Hapoel v Hahadut Hapoel x
Bishon Le-Zion Hapoel v Netanya Hap. 1
Ashdod Hapoel v Ramat Amidar Mac. x
Shaarayim Mac. v Kirat Sava Hap. 2
Holon Hapoel v Beit Shimon Hapoel 1



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Commandos used UK 'stun grenades' Bonn describes 'brutal' battle to free hostages

BONN. — German commandos who stormed the hijacked Lufthansa airliner in Somalia early Tuesday morning were met with a hail of gunfire and exploding grenades in a "brutal" battle in the midst of 88 hostages, Interior Minister Werner Maihofer said yesterday. Speaking in the present tense, Maihofer reconstructed the seven-minute battle at a news conference, describing how the crack GSG-9 commandos at first "eliminated" two of the four terrorists after "determined resistance" in the cockpit. He continued: "Another terrorist in the first-class compartment ... opens fire from there. And although hit by two bullets, he then hurls a hand grenade towards the rear of the plane. This explodes under a seat. And after this terrorist is hit by more bullets — this may help you to measure the brutality of the fight — he detonates another grenade even while falling, which injures several hostages in the feet," Maihofer said. "When this had been eliminated too, suddenly a terrorist — later found to be a woman — in the rear toilet opens fire on GSG-9 through the door" before being gunned down too by the troops, he said.

Maihofer said Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's personal representative in Mogadishu, Hans-Jürgen Wischniewski, and Somali authorities decided Monday evening to launch the attack, after the Somalis had succeeded in getting the terrorists to extend their deadline twice.

The terrorists had threatened to blow up the aircraft unless West Germany freed 11 jailed terrorists and the Turkish government returned two Palestinian terrorists.

Continuing his chronology of the action, Maihofer said:

At 7:10 p.m. local time "the special Lufthansa plane with the forces of the GSG-9 landed at Mogadishu airport... and taxied to a parking area 2,000 metres away. The forces of GSG-9 were greeted by the local commander of the Somali security forces..."

"The units immediately thereafter started to get themselves equipped with weapons and material according to their orders. Everything necessary for this was inside the plane..."

At 00:25 local time, "after communications with the command headquarters were established, scouts reported their first patrol (of the area around the plane)." At 1:15 a.m. Tuesday, "the commandos and technical specialists moved in," reaching attack stations 15 minutes later.

Maihofer said movements were reported inside the plane's cockpit at that time.

At 1:50 a.m. the commandos and Somali security forces began divergently moves to confuse the terrorists.

Two minutes later, attack positions outside the plane were reached and reserve forces moved in nearby. Somali forces had already secured the airport perimeter, Maihofer said.

At 2:05 a.m. (1:05 Israel time) "under leadership of their commander, the forces invaded the plane upon being given the codeword 'Feuerzäuber' (Magic Fire)," the interior minister said.

One minute later, he said, there was "defiant resistance inside the cockpit..."

Evacuation of the hostages from the rear of the plane began at 2:07 a.m.

"The fighting was still going on inside the cockpit. It was important to

get the passengers off the plane as quickly as possible in the face of a possible explosion," Maihofer said.

At 2:12 a.m., "seven minutes after the start of the operation, command headquarters received the codeword 'Springtime,' signalling the end of the action. And GSG-9 was able to report 'Gegner niedergelassen!' — German police jargon meaning 'opponent defeated.'"

"One member of the commando was slightly injured by a shot through the neck. He was back among those lined up after their return yesterday," Maihofer said. Eleven passengers were also slightly injured.

In London yesterday, military sources said the West German anti-terrorist squad used a secret "stun grenade" developed by British troops.

The 80-man GSG-9 squad which stormed the airliner was also helped by two officers of the British Army's elite Special Air Services (SAS) regiment, the Defence Ministry said.

The assault in Mogadishu is believed to be the first time the stun grenades have been used in anti-terrorist operations. The grenade, developed by the SAS, immobilized the hijackers before they could open fire on their captives.

Ministry officials declined comment on the report and claimed the grenades are classified weapons. However, informed military sources close to the SAS said the newly developed grenades were made available to the Germans.

"They're like a gigantic knockout drop," one source said.

"They make a lot of noise and produce a big flash that stuns hostiles for up to 10 seconds — time enough to immobilize them and prevent them killing hostages while they are either captured or shot."

The sources reported that the SAS men flew into Mogadishu, capital of Somalia, aboard the Boeing 737 carrying Wischniewski, who directed the storming of the plane hijacked in Majorca six days ago.

"They were there in an advisory role," the Defence Ministry said. There was no indication they took part in the actual storming of the hijacked Lufthansa plane.

(There were reports that Israel had also sent experts to help the Germans, but an Israeli spokesman would not comment.)

In Mogadishu yesterday, Western officials who were at the airport when the attack began gave newsmen their accounts.

"The first I could see," said U.S. diplomat Ralph Crawford, "was when groups of passengers looking bewildered and numb came out of the darkness knowing nothing of what had happened and expecting even worse. What a scene it was — it was like New Year's Eve. The Somali airport workers and officials and the spectators ran forward to hug the passengers. There was shouting and laughter, although there was blood all over the place," he added.

"Walter Mohammed," the leader of the hijackers, was in the cockpit when the attack started, talking to the West Germans by radio. German Ambassador Michael Lital was pleading for more time, witnesses said.

"Mohammed" was refusing and said in English: "Time has run out."

Earlier, passengers said, "Mohammed" had warned that Mogadishu was their last stop.

"We stand or fall here," he was supposed to have told his hostages. (AP, Reuters)



Nicaraguan children flee their school near Managua on Monday as guerrillas ambush government troops only 100 metres away. Apparently all 150 children escaped injury. (AP radiophoto)

Nicaragua tense as guerrilla attacks mount

MANAGUA, Nicaragua (AP). — Nicaraguan security forces searched cars and positioned soldiers behind sandbags at key intersections in this Central American capital yesterday after suffering heavy losses in stepped-up guerrilla attacks.

At least 24 persons have died in the last six days in confrontations between the Sandinista Liberation Front and the national guard, including 15 military men, six guerrillas, and three civilians, government sources said.

Military sources said reinforcements had been sent from Managua on Tuesday to Tugupapa, a town about 25 km. northeast of Managua, and to several positions along the border with Costa Rica to the south and southeast.

The government maintained a rigid silence on military movements, but Roger Bermudez, President Anastasio Somoza's press secretary, said the guard was continuing the pursuit of guerrillas throughout the

country and was "in complete control" of the situation.

The Sandinistas, named after Cesar Augusto Sandino, a rebel army officer who became a guerrilla chieftain in the early 1900s, have made four major attacks since October 12.

They ambushed an army patrol near the town of Ocotal north of Managua near the border with Honduras that night, killing five guardsmen and one civilian, the government reported.

The next morning the Sandinistas struck the military garrison in San Carlos southeast of Managua and near the border with Costa Rica. That attack left five more guardsmen and another civilian dead.

After the government sent a crack combat company from Managua to San Carlos to destroy the guerrillas, the Sandinistas struck again on Monday, in the outskirts of Managua and inside the city itself, spraying a police station with gunfire, from a

moving car. One guerrilla and one woman bystander were killed in that attack.

Also on Monday, eight persons were killed and 20 injured in a day-long battle in Masaya, 28 km. east of Managua, and in a three-hour fight on the highway between the two cities. The dead included five soldiers and three guerrillas.

Government reports say a total of at least 100 insurgents participated in all the confrontations.

Guerrilla action in Managua itself has been limited to a national guard raid on a terrorist's home and a hit-and-run attack by two suspected Sandinistas on the National Guard headquarters in the centre of town, the government reported.

The government has ordered public offices and schools to remain open and asked the people to go about their usual daily routine. But many parents kept children home and local newspapers reported city residents were leaving Managua.

Ethiopia declares war on internal anarchy

NAIROBI (Reuters). — Ethiopia's military leaders yesterday called on the population to combat internal anarchy, saying factories were being sabotaged, schools closed and vast quantities of crops left to rot by enemies of the country's four-year-old revolution.

A statement from the ruling provisional military administrative council, the Dergue, gave a rare and revealing picture of Ethiopia's internal turmoil as it fights wars against secessionists in the north and advancing Somalia in the east and south.

The official Ethiopian news agency quoted the Dergue as saying that "anarchy, sabotage and subversion could no longer be tolerated, and urging the people 'to arm themselves with iron discipline and revolutionary morale to crush the enemy within.'"

In a dispatch received here, the agency said: "Urban terrorism in particular has reached a stage where concerted action to maintain peace and security for citizens is

needed. Normal schooling is being disrupted and factories are being sabotaged, as are numerous other pursuits essential to the smooth functioning of society."

The Dergue said anarchists were spreading a distorted image of land reforms and, as a result, peasants had left 114,000 m. worth of crops to rot in the fields.

It named the Marxist Ethiopian People's Revolutionary Party (EPRP) and the moderate Ethiopian Democratic Union (EDU) as the principal internal enemies, and called on the masses "to get more organized and wield the revolutionary hammer against those who seek to foil the revolution and dismember the nation."

The Dergue did not specify the Marxist Pan-Ethiopian Socialist Movement, MEISON, whose leaders in recent weeks have deserted top civilian political positions and gone underground to join what they call "the revolutionary opposition."

Diplomats in Addis Ababa said

there had been a sharp increase in political assassinations and night gun-battles in Addis Ababa in the past three weeks, since a government-appointed trade union leader was shot dead.

Some diplomatic sources in the Ethiopian capital say as many as 250 students and left-wing militants, many of them supporters of a MEISON, have been killed in the new round of violence. The government has denied this.

There appears to be a consensus among diplomats that political violence between rival semi-official parties, within the government and within the armed forces — has reached a higher level recently than at any time since early May, when about a thousand students were shot dead in three demonstrations. The government still denies these deaths.

The Dergue statement attributed the recent violence mainly to the EPRP.

Hijack attempt on Polish plane foiled

WARSAW (Reuters). — An attempt to hijack a Polish airliner on a domestic flight and force it to fly to Vienna was foiled on Tuesday by the crew and by police.

The official PAP news agency said yesterday that the plane, a Soviet-built Antonov AN-24 turboprop of the state airline Lot, was flying to Warsaw from Katowice in southern Poland.

PAP said the control tower at War-

saw's Okęcie Airport received a radio message from the captain of the plane about 5.40 p.m. that a hijack had been attempted.

"At Okęcie Airport... thanks to the effective action of the militia and with proper cooperation from the crew of the aircraft the hijack was foiled," the agency added.

It said none of the passengers was injured, but did not say whether any of the crew or the hijacker or hi-

Philippine rebels attack

ZAMBOANGA CITY, Philippines (AP). — Moslem rebels fighting for self-government overran a Philippine army outpost 40 km. north of Zamboanga city, killing four government soldiers and wounding nine, the top military commander in the southern Philippines said yesterday.

Armed with 50-calibre machineguns and 80mm. mortars, the insurgents invaded the outpost of the 36th Infantry battalion between Siraway and Sibucu towns in Zamboanga del Norte. Rear Adm. Romulo Espaldon said.

Rebels killed nine government soldiers in an attack on a nearby army outpost on Sunday.

Turkish soldier shot

ANKARA (AP). — A group of guerrillas from an outlawed left-wing extremist gang on Tuesday shot and killed a Turkish soldier and freed a comrade in the Aegean port city of Izmir.

Two militia troopers were escorting Orhan Bakir, a convicted member of the Turkish Workers and Peasants Liberation Army (Tikko), from prison to the Izmir University Hospital for a medical checkup. As Bakir was entering the hospital grounds several armed men fired their machineguns on the troopers, killing one. They continued shooting as they sped away in a car.

Kidnap victim freed

MILAN (AP). — Maria Rosa Rumi, 23-year-old daughter of an Italian industrialist, was freed in Milan early yesterday, less than 12 hours after she was kidnapped for ransom. Police traced and besieged the apartment where she was held.

Police said four men and a woman were arrested, including three former members of the gang headed by Italian public enemy number one Renato Vallanzasca, now in jail.

Japan to consider tough hijack law

TOKYO (Reuters). — The ruling Liberal Democratic Party yesterday approved a draft law for tougher punishments for hijackers.

The proposed legislation, expected to go before parliament next week would make the taking of hostages to back demands for ransom or the release of prisoners punishable by 10

years to life imprisonment.

A present minimum of seven years jail for hijacking can be given as a suspended sentence. Those convicted under the new law would go to prison without fail.

Japanese law already includes the death penalty for murder.

Suharto back from M.E.

JAKARTA (Reuters). — President Suharto returned here yesterday from a Middle East tour during which he reaffirmed Indonesia's support for the Arabs in their struggle against Israel.

Suharto visited Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates, Syria, Egypt and Jordan.

\$ hits all-time low

BRUSSELS (UPI). — The dollar hit an all-time low in Zurich yesterday and opened mixed on other European markets. Gold, hovering around its highest prices in more than two years, opened at \$161.125 in Zurich and London, up from \$160.375 in both markets.

In Zurich the dollar dipped to 2.2532 francs, its lowest rate ever.

20,000 Malays riot

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia (AP). — Riot police firing teargas scattered 20,000 demonstrators who stormed the state assembly building in the northern city of Kota Bharu yesterday, demanding that the Sultan of Kelantan State dissolve the assembly.

Authorities later imposed an indefinite curfew on Kota Bharu, a city of 60,000 near the Thai border 220 kms. northeast of here. The riot was called to protest the dismissal of the state's chief minister, Mohamed Nasir, by the main political party.

MAGISTRATE. — Rhodesia's first black magistrate, 40-year-old Ernest William Tsomondo, was sworn in yesterday in a crowded Salisbury courtroom.

Concorde lands at JFK

NEW YORK. — A joint British-French crew yesterday landed the first Concorde at John F. Kennedy Airport, more than a year and a half after the supersonic plane's operators first sought permission to land here.

The drop-dosed jet flew from Toulouse, France, in about three and a half hours, and landed at 5:10 p.m. (Israel time). Aboard were 37 passengers — chiefly technicians and officials of Air France and British Airways — and a crew of six. There were no protest demonstrations by opponents of the

plane, who claim that its noise makes their lives intolerable. The value of their homes in the British and French landing rights for their transport on Monday when Supreme Court lifted a stay on flights granted by the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey had bar flights. But at a public hearing in Newark, New Jersey, the Port Authority said it had right to further delay the Concorde flights. (Reuters, UPI).

Dacca executes 37 for plotting coup

DACCA (Reuters). — Bangladesh's military government has executed 37 members of the army and air force for their part in an unsuccessful coup on October 2, official sources said yesterday.

Twenty other plotters have been jailed for life and three are still continuing, the sources added.

The sources said martial law tribunals had so far tried 460 people and acquitted 83.

The attempted coup to overthrow Bangladesh's military government was negotiated with the hijacked Japan Airlines plane at Dhaka. Eleven senior air force officers were killed in the fighting; unconfirmed reports put the toll as high as 230.

On October 14, President Rahman banned three of the country's main political parties, them of attempting to inflame armed forces and incite violence.

Storm of protests over jailed Czech

PRAGUE (Reuters). — Jail sentences given to four prominent Czechoslovak dissidents on subversion charges sparked a swift outcry in the West.

The four defendants — three of them signatories to the "Charter 77" human rights manifesto — were sentenced to from 14 months to three-and-a-half years on charges of contacting hostile foreign agents or trying to smuggle anti-state literature abroad. All four have appealed.

Commenting on the end of the two-day trial on Tuesday, a U.S. State Department spokesman in

Washington said the outcry "profound questions" Prague's commitment to Helsinki declaration, which pledges to promote democratic freedoms.

Within hours of the protest began to flow in group of Dutch politicians, officials of the London-based International as well as human rights bodies were barred from attending the trial.

In Belgrade, the city provoked a storm in the communist human rights committee.

Soviets apologize for manhandling envoy

WELLINGTON (Reuters). — The Soviet Union has apologized for the manhandling of a New Zealand diplomat in Moscow last week. Prime Minister Robert Muldoon said on Tuesday.

Christopher Smithyman, a 30-year-old second secretary at the New Zealand Embassy in Moscow,

was grabbed by two policemen as he entered the Netherlands Embassy last week. He was torn and his clothes were scattered.

Muldoon said later that Smithyman had been taken for a disident as he was the Dutch mission, which is in Moscow.

'New M.E. saint heals cripple'

BEIRUT (Reuters). — Thousands of Christians besieged the bombed-out ruins of a Beirut soap factory on Tuesday after a 19th century saint was said to have appeared there and performed miracles.

The crowds gathered after reports that St. Sharbel Makhlouf, a Maronite priest who died in 1898 and was canonised at the Vatican 10 days ago, had healed a young man crippled during the Lebanese civil war.

Local residents said the saint had cured a nine-year-old deaf-mute boy, and turned a rock into loaves.

Father Elias Hon. Gharios said the first miracle took place in his chapel nearby after the saint had appeared before a young boy on Monday night. "The priest said 'A man who has been cured of his deafness and blindness came into my chapel and told me he prayed to St. Sharbel.'"

"A few minutes later he stood up, threw away his crutches and walked

out. It certainly seems to be a miracle," he said.

Relatives of the man as been paralyzed since the back during the war. It had been treated by a Paris without success.

Local newspapers on published photographs of walking near the chapel friends held aloft his crutch.

At the ruined factory, his people scrambled to find and several emerged small pieces of earth which a statue of the saint. Some sceptics said that large quantities of chemicals, used to give soap, had been buried in the factory walls during the war.

St. Sharbel, the son of a farmer, was the first Christian to be canonized in Lebanon.

Body of NY jeweller identified

SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico (AP). — The first of four bodies exhumed by authorities in Puerto Rico was positively identified on Tuesday night as that of missing New York diamond broker Abraham Shafizadeh.

The body, which had been exhumed from the San Juan cemetery late Friday, had been disregarded by authorities when Shafizadeh's brother failed to identify it. But Dr. Rafael Criado, pathologist for Puerto Rico's morgue, said late Tuesday that there was no doubt the teeth of the first body matched the dental records of Shafizadeh.

Shafizadeh's death brought to three the number of New York and

Chicago jewellers murdered to Rico since 1974. All were with thousands of dollars in jewelry which has not been recovered. Shafizadeh disappeared on "Cold" Street in Laguna, the Bureau of Criminal Investigation, said the police probe centre on who killed the jewellers.

The body identified Shafizadeh's had no signs of wound and the doctor said not immediately deter cause of death. The body bore the left cheek.

The dead jeweller's brother, Farid Shafizadeh, is expected to bring the body to burial.

Yankees win Series

NEW YORK (AP). — Spearheaded by Reggie Jackson's three consecutive home runs, the New York Yankees defeated the Los Angeles Dodgers, 8 to 4, on Tuesday night to win the 1977 World Series four games to two.

Jackson was named the most valuable player of the series for his awesome power display. The only other man to hit three home runs in a single game was the legendary Babe Ruth, who did it for the Yankees in 1926 and 1928, both times against the St. Louis Cardinals.

Jackson's first homer followed a leadoff single by Thurman Munson in the fourth inning. In the fifth, Jackson connected against tagging

the first pitch with two Mickey Rivers had opened single and was forced to attempt sacrifice. Still wasn't through. In the leading off, he hit a tower well back into the center bleachers, an area of the rarely reached.

Jackson's 25 total bases runs scored also set series. Before the game open Yankees announced that B. tin would be retained as a ending speculation that tinning war with Jackson the manager's job. The Yankees took the 21st World title, their first since 1962.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

Section for Overseas Studies

The Ministry of Labour, in cooperation with the Parats Nafnail Fund and the German Embassy, is organising

Advanced Overseas Studies

The intention is to allow those with a high professional qualification — engineers, handcraftsmen (engineering, association technicians, foremen, installers and senior personnel in skilled trades, to undergo advanced training in West Germany. Courses will start as follows:

Subject	Under the Auspices of	Course Start
Civil Construction	West German Contractors Assoc.	April 1, 1978
Industry	German Ministry of Science	May 1978
Hotel Trade	German Ministry of Science	Sept. 1978

Accepted candidates will receive a living allowance, and full partial coverage of travel expenses, depending on circumstances. Courses last 3 months.

Preference will be given to candidates who work in the profession in which they seek further training, in plants where for export or plants that reduce the need for imports, in plants in development areas, and plants approved by the Investment Authority. Preference will also be given to candidates qualified to impart their knowledge they acquire to others in the profession in Israel.

Additional details from the Section for Overseas Studies, 54776, 53194, P.O.B. 29960, Tel Aviv. Last date for submitting applications: November 13, 1977.

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Jerusalem Municipality Parking-Card Parking in Municipal Car Parks Notice to Drivers

From Tuesday, November 1, 1977, payment for parking in the following municipal car parks will be by means of parking cards:

- * Beit Hamehandess, Rehov Hillel
- * Gan Ha'atzma'ut, Rehov Hillel
- * Beit Hama'alot, Rehov Hama'alot
- * Rehov Shamai

This will be in addition to the car park in Rehov Harav Kook, corner of Rehov Hamev'ar, where this system is already in operation.

In these car parks, cars may be parked for up to 8 hours, for a charge of ILS. In this connection, 4-hour parking cards, price ILS 4, are available where parking cards are sold.

When parking a car in a car park, all types of parking card (1 hour, 2 hours and 4 hours) may be used, but not more than two parking cards may be put in the window.

Please conform to the instructions on the back of the parking card.

Engineering Services
Administration

City Outlook
Improvement Dept.
Municipal Inspection
Section

Public Relations and
Information Division

هذا من الفصل



CURTAIN RAISERS

By CATHERINE ROSENHEIMER / Jerusalem Post Reporter

SARAH CHURCHILL, daughter of Sir Winston Churchill, is to be the main guest at the Israel Variety Club's 10th anniversary celebrations. She will present a special programme at a gala dinner at the Jerusalem Hilton on November 8, when guest-of-honour Menachem Begin will be presented with the club's gold certificate by the president of Variety International, Eric Morrell.

Miss Churchill, a highly versatile artist, is known as a stage actress, an accomplished pianist, TV comedienne, author and poet. Her programme at the Hilton will comprise a poetry and prose recital, songs and personal reminiscences of life with her father.

In the days before English society became a swinging one, Sarah Churchill rejected the debutante's life for a stage career. Her first appearance was in the chorus of a revue at the Adelphi Theatre in London during which she met her first husband, entertainer Vic Oliver, with whom she later toured America. In World War II she served as an officer in the WAAFs, and accompanied her father to the Yalta Conference and other important trips.

After the war she starred with Fred Astaire in the film *Marriage* and composed the TV series *The Halfway Mark* of Fame. Back in England, her many stage roles included appearances in "Rain," "Peter Pan," "Pygmalion" and "As You Like It." More recently she has turned her talents to writing plays and poetry.

Both Sarah Churchill and her accompanist, pianist Idris Evans, are long-standing friends of Israel and supporters of Variety, which aids underprivileged children.

BRITISH pop singer Tina Turner will be arriving here on November 10 for four appearances, two in the Tel Aviv Sports Palace, one in Binyanei Ha'Ooma in Jerusalem and one in Haifa.

The 22-year-old singer, who will be accompanied here by her own orchestra and conductor, became a top-of-the-charts singer virtually overnight only a year ago. Her first big hit was "You Warm My Heart," followed by "I Love to Love," which sold over half a million records within weeks.

In Israel, as in countries all over the world, Tina Turner has been voted singer of the year in polls conducted by Galei Zahal and the Light Programme. The first of her three LPs sold 50,000 copies here and won her a golden disc award by CBS Israel. While she is here, she plans to sing and record a Hebrew version of "I Love to Love."

THE HAIFA THEATRE reports that rehearsals have started for its production of Maxim Gorky's "Summer Folk," due to start a trial run at the end of this month. Directed by Nola Chilton, it stars, amongst others, Ruth Segal, Liora Rivlin, Shlomo Bar-Abba, Joseph Baghi, Getta Monta, Gedalia Beaser and Ilan Toren.

The theatre is continuing with two of last season's successful productions — "The Madwoman of Chaillot," and "Don Juan and his Friend Shiflet." The theatre's Stage Three, in conjunction with Tzavta, recently launched a new production, the "Gog and Magog Show," a satirical semi-musical which is the joint work of playwright Yehoshua Sobol and director Nola Chilton. Featuring Haifa Theatre regulars Momy Moshonov, Ezra Cafri and Eyal Gefen together with former Poogy group pop star Gidi Gov, the show is designed for easy travel throughout the country.

FOR THE TENTH successive year, the Israel Chamber Orchestra will be giving six concert series at the Moshe Rishpon cultural centre. In 1967, when the hall first opened, the orchestra gave two concerts, since when demand for a local subscription series has increased year after year. The majority of the audience are members of Moshe Rishpon, the remainder of the hall's 500 seats being filled by residents of nearby Kfar Shmaryahu, Netanya and Herzliya.

THE CAMERI THEATRE is opening its own studio for the training of young actors. It can accommodate about 15 participants, some with experience, others who are graduates of local drama schools. Cameri house director Hanan Shtur is the coordinator and acting teacher. Hanna Hachoen will teach music, Ruth Ziv movement and Yoram Boker pantomime, with additional guest teachers. Sponsored by the American-Israel Cultural Foundation, the course will run for five months, five hours a day, at Bet Haasor in Tel Aviv.

EVENINGS OF INTERVIEWS in English to be conducted by author Arnold Sherman will be held at the Meadon I 'Oleh Beit Hamlin in Tel Aviv, starting on October 27. Each evening will include two interviews to enable tourists and newcomers to get together with Israeli personalities in congenial atmosphere, according to Beit Hamlin director Moshe Milhi. The programme is being sponsored by the Histadrut, the Ministry of Absorption and the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Tourism Association.

SHIP FREED. — Egyptian authorities have allowed a Soviet Navy supply ship to leave Suez where it had been held since last Wednesday following the disappearance of an Egyptian pilot, the "Al-Ahram" daily reported Tuesday. The pilot's body was found on Sunday and investigations established that he died of heart failure and fell overboard from the Soviet vessel.

BIG WIN. — A Californian woman celebrated her 75th birthday Tuesday by winning \$236,756 from a slot machine. She hit the jackpot after putting \$40 into a one-dollar-a-shot machine.

CLASSIFIEDS

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DMC's agonizing decision

THE DEMOCRATIC Movement for Change, whose secretariat and Knesset faction yesterday voted to reopen coalition negotiations, is a new party organized not so much around any new ideology as on the promise of significantly better performance in the daily job of governance. Good men, not good ideas, are its stock-in-trade.

It is thus understandable why members of such a party should feel bitter at being relegated to the opposition. The vast majority of the DMC have never objected in principle to serving in an administration under Mr. Begin. If their party wound up alongside Labour in the Knesset, it was because they failed to win the number of seats in the last elections that would have made them indispensable to any government coalition.

In addition, Mr. Begin's insistence on treating Professor Yadin as the chief of a 15-man faction rather than as the head of a party with far-reaching claims to reforming the politics and society of Israel also dampened DMC spirits.

While the dissatisfaction of sitting in the opposition has already been driven home to most of the DMC's Knesset Members and leadership cadres, the same cannot be said of the wholly expected frustration of sitting as junior partners in a presidential cabinet dominated by Mr. Begin.

Professor Yadin has been widely accused of political ineptitude and inexperience in conducting the previous negotiations with Mr. Begin. But in his sensitivity to the kind of relationships that could develop between Mr. Begin and the Likud on the one hand and a DMC faction under his leadership on the other, he has shown greater prescience than his colleagues.

The next few days will constitute a major test of the viability and unity of the DMC and of Professor Yadin's leadership over his party.

On the surface, not much has happened that could have induced Professor Yadin to reconsider his earlier rejection of Mr. Begin's overtures — with perhaps one profound exception. This has to do with the Prime Minister's state of health and the possibility that he may be unable to complete his full term of office.

The mere thought of a situation in which any of the currently mooted heirs-apparent would be the candidates to succeed Mr. Begin might be enough to stampede the DMC into joining the government at almost any price.

An obvious sign that this is a major consideration can be seen in the fact that the main bait now being dangled before the DMC's eyes is the offer of an expanded Deputy-Premiership — a post that, from the very start, was to have carried a commitment that its holder, Professor Yadin, would be the Acting Prime Minister in Mr. Begin's absence.

All this, however, is for the time being in the realm of conjecture. A wrong guess by the DMC may well lead to the beginning of its eclipse, as the party's special *raison d'être* vanishes either in opposition or by being ground down in a cabinet where it does not share in — or is permanently outvoted on — most of the major policy issues.

LIKE THE "GIRL who just can't say no" in the American song, or the girl in the *Tarnopolim* ditty of the early 'sixties whose "no" could be interpreted three ways — as, "no," "maybe," and "no, but ask me again and it may come up yes" — the Democratic Movement for Change is seeking to determine whether its three-time "no" to joining the Begin Government still holds.

The DMC leaders are fully aware that they have become a laughing stock, as a result of their apparent inability to finally decide whether to join or not. But the situation was unavoidable, considering the nearly unbridgeable gap between the DMC leaders' pretensions, and the mere 18 seats they actually possess.

The truth of the matter is that both sides — the Likud and the vast majority of the DMC — have wanted, and continue to want to be joined in coalition. The DMC's earlier "no" — despite the underlying potential "yes" — has primarily been due to the inability of the negotiators, Messrs. Begin and Yadin, to hammer out an agreement on the value to be attached to the DMC's adherence, and on the role to be assigned to its ministers.

Prof. Yadin believes that he is as qualified as Mr. Begin, if not more so, to be prime minister. And the DMC as a whole believes its potential contribution to a government is at least equal, if not greater, than that of the other partner.

These are legitimate, if debatable, claims. The fact that Yadin and Co. failed to become what they hoped — the indispensable partner to either a Likud or a Labour coalition — made the entire question an academic one.

Prime Minister Begin, on the other hand, has interpreted the election results as a personal vote of confidence in him. His four months in office have provided sufficient indications of his concept of a "presidential premiership," and of the relations which are to prevail between himself as premier and his cabinet of lesser luminaries.

Mr. Begin, as a practised politician, knows that he needs the DMC's 18 votes; as Premier Begin, he is absolutely opposed to accepting the DMC on terms better than those the Alignment in the past accorded its NRP partners.

THIS IS THE CAUSE of the two-party leaders' inability so far to agree on a Likud-DMC partnership. The details are of secondary importance.

The problem could easily be solved by one of the two sides changing its attitude on the basics: Mr. Begin's acquiescing in granting Prof. Yadin and the DMC a position far beyond its power in the Knesset; or the DMC's agreeing to climb down from its high horse and settle for playing

TO JOIN OR NOT TO JOIN

It has long been apparent, says YOSEF GOELL, that both the Likud and the Democratic Movement for Change would dearly like to join in

coalition, and the question is whether they can, at this last moment, remove the obstacles which prevented them doing so until now.



DMC leaders watch the election returns five months ago. They are, from left to right, Meir Amit, Shmuel Tamir, Yoram Alster, Stef Wertheimer, Akiva Noff and Yigael Yadin seated. (Guthmann)

the role of a secular NRP to the Likud's Alignment-like dominance. It is highly unlikely that either side will openly retreat from its basic positions. But the innate desire, may need, of the DMC to suckle, and of the skin-of-the-teeth Likud-NRP coalition majority to give suck, cannot be denied.

There have been significant changes and developments in the three areas, which would seem to warrant a last-minute reconsideration on the part of both sides, before Mr. Begin flees out his administration with the final three or four ministers next week.

SOME HYPOTHESES have become realities. The Likud always knew that it would be difficult to rule with such ethnic and pluralistic links with Agudat Yisrael. The difficulties have now become more tangible, as the Knesset begins its winter session.

The Liberals within the Likud were certainly aware of the dominant position Mr. Begin would wield in the first Likud Cabinet. The experience of the first four months of

this Government has turned these vague fears of being treated as inconsequential political stage-props into a palpable reality.

The DMC leaders who voted against joining the Government knew that relegation to the Opposition would entail a degree of frustration. The depths of this frustration and the threat entailed to the continued viability and unity of the party are only now being realized.

Furthermore, the Begin-Dayan team has implemented a foreign policy that would hardly have been different were Prof. Yadin prime minister or foreign minister, and this despite Mr. Begin's adamant refusal to bend on his ideological formulations in this field during their earlier negotiations. Prof. Yadin has indicated as much in a recent address in the U.S.

Thus, with the exception of a few DMC "doves" from the party's former Shinar wing, there is little reason why theoretical divisions on foreign policy questions should prevent the DMC from joining in. The self-assigned task of the DMC's "moderating" what could have been

medical pronouncements on Mr. Begin's "excellent health" issued at the outset, and hospitalization for periodical speculation; and the politics nearly always more around informed than around facts. One possibility all working in Israel have had to take account — more so in October, the beginning of September of Mr. Begin's health — to him to leave office much before the end of the present Knesset year term of office.

Although it will under no figure openly in the deliberations, this is the consideration with which it chance and enter the Ca terms far less favourable demands of two months ago to be on the inside if and major political change trigger a possible Begin resignation.

The DMC's major stock in the top quality of its leading the very idea that Prof. the head of the dispirited tion, should become preheight of insolence, at first But when one considers natives, that Messrs. Ehrtman or Sharon will be the claim to the premiership in of Mr. Begin's resignation, candidacy is not so unwe This is, of course, condition these potential candidates, Yadin, being on the inside a the question arises.

TWO CONDITIONS would be necessary for such to carry the day with ti leadership:

First, a face-saving form electoral reform issue. The been some hints that the N be prepared to release it from its stranglehold weigh all electoral reform p granted in the coalition. This, if true, would certain the DMC.

Secondly, the Liberals, element in the Likud-She interested in having the DMC government, will have to more forthcoming than in their informal coalition. DMC, on the possibility of Liberal cabinet partnership, the total dominance of M and against Herut's pre senior coalition status.

These two conditions, pecially the latter, would to negotiate at the best of impression is that, if they ed out at all in the present they will have to be worked soon.

Mr. Begin still seems Likud leader most oppos meaningful concession DMC. He is unlikely to pos commitment to complete ning of his cabinet by next to put Yigael Yadin in a p compete for the successor.

POSTSCRIPTS

THE SUDDEN advent of winter, which came upon us so unexpectedly after a very hot week-end, left most of us to face the rain in our summer clothes.

Some energetic people, however, managed within hours to locate winter wear from the suit cases in which it had been stored. As a result, the smell of camphor balls in Jerusalem buses is overpowering. F.D.

A CONTRIBUTOR to the letters column of the *Los Angeles Times* has expressed his pleasure that the State of California has honoured the Prime Minister of Israel by naming a thoroughfare for him.

"While driving along the coast the other day," wrote Jeffrey Rimmer, "I noticed a sign reading 'Begin Freeway'."

T.T.

MOST PEOPLE imagine, rightly or wrongly, that modern authors choose the names of characters in their novels by going through the telephone directory.

The hero of Dr. Zhivago got his name, however, because Boris Pasternak noticed a man-hole while walking down the street and the manufacturer's name stamped on it caught his fancy.

This story is told by Olga Ivinskaya in her memoirs, "A Captive of Our Time," to be published by Doubleday in February. Ivinskaya lived with Pasternak for 14 years and was the model for Lara in "Dr. Zhivago." She later spent 12 years in Siberia for her close association with Russia's then greatest poet.

Olga, now 62 and living in Moscow with her mother, writes in her memoirs (extracts of which have been given to UPI) that Pasternak described Stalin "as the most terrifying person he had seen in his life." She and the novelist were eavesdropped on constantly.

Ivinskaya reveals that she helped to write the letter in which Pasternak renounced the Nobel Prize after the authorities threatened that he would not be allowed to return to the Soviet Union if he went to Sweden to accept the prize in 1958.

"It was my fault," she says. "The letter should never have been sent... Looking back it seems monstrous that we should have made up this letter, before BL (for Boris Leonovich) even had any idea of what was going on. But we were in a great hurry and in the bedlam around us, nothing seemed extraordinary any more."

In a note he sent her that was ex-

READERS' LETTERS

RELATIONS WITH SOUTH AFRICA

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I find somewhat naive the comments of the six new immigrants in their Readers' Letter of September 30. They self-righteously "find it impossible to solicit support and acceptance for Israel... while she maintains relations" and seeks to broaden ties with the government of South Africa.

No one can dispute the racism, injustice and discrimination practiced by that government against its black (and brown and mulatto) citizens. South Africa is, however, no worse, and probably somewhat better, in its treatment of less-favoured subjects than 90 per cent of those collections of gangsters or self-appointed rulers of one clan, tribe or faction which pass for governments in the Second and Third Worlds.

We know that Mr. Biko is "the 21st person to die in detention without trial in less than a year." How much do we know about the mass murders of 10-30 per cent of the Cambodian population and the desultory attempts at genocide not alone of the Kurds (noted in the adjoining column of the same issue of The Jerusalem Post), but of Blacks in the Sudan, aborigines in the Amazon Basin, Christians in the Lebanon?

"World support" is not withheld from Iraq, Cambodia, the Sudan, Brazil and Syria. No, the "world" clamours for "justice" to Palestinian assassins of the Lebanese. Indeed, the very confrontation states surrounding South Africa vie with each other to provide labourers for its diamond fields and gold mines. 80 per cent of the wages of these indentured labourers are paid in gold directly to their home states and are their major source of hard currency. Such arrangements are necessary and feasible because South Africa's Blacks, despite their disabilities and oppression, can refuse to work at these most disagreeable tasks and prefer to work in urban centres — yes, and to live in the infamous black townships.

Must Israel be that much more adamant in its opposition to the government of South Africa than are its sworn enemies?

TEVI WARSHAW

Haifa (New York)

Sir, — As a guest (but not as a stranger) on a two-week visit to Israel, I read the letter written by six new immigrants on Israel's relations with South Africa. This letter

HOW EARLY IS EARLY?

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In its editorial of October 5, The Jerusalem Post asked "How early is early?" in connection with Mr. Carter's recent reference to the establishment of normal diplomatic relations, and economic and cultural exchanges. Your answer was that "in President Sadat's view... a generation would be rather too early."

Three months ago, on July 13, at a meeting in Alexandria with a delegation of American Congressmen, Sadat declared that the time was ripe for signing an Arab-Israeli peace treaty at Geneva. He thought that five years after concluding the treaty, the road would be open to diplomatic and trade relations with Israel.

It appears to me that we tend to overemphasize the negative and unacceptable utterances from the other side, while we belittle and even ignore the encouraging signals.

SHIR RAPHAEL

Haifa.

MAX BAER

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I have always thought Philip Gillon's "Televue" to be heavily reading, but just where was he sitting when he reportedly saw Max Baer, the former heavyweight boxing champion, on "Love American Style"? The "Boxing Clown Prince" died almost 20 years ago!

RODNEY FRANKLIN

Tel Aviv.

Philip Gillon comments: Sorry, the cast said Max Baer and he looked like Max Baer.

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TO THE EDITOR OF THE JERUSALEM POST

Sir, — I am getting fed up with the seeming hypocrisy of successive governments which, on the one hand, talk about the urgency of settling the Galilee (especially the Ma'alot-Segev-Carmiel triangle) and, on the other hand, put so many obstacles in the way of potential settlers that it would seem to indicate their preference for keeping the Galilee bereft of new faces.

Most of the 18 months that I have been coordinator of absorption in Ma'alot have been taken up fighting government promises, delays and bureaucratic bungling by government agencies to such an extent that, at times, I am kept wondering if the Government is more interested in directing potential Ma'alot settlers to Tel Aviv.

People have been prevented from moving into completed blocks of flats for up to eight months because such items as TV aerials have been lacking. At the present moment,

because of repeated delays, a potential settler has been forced to rent an apartment in Nahariya so that her son would not miss the start of the new school year. Another would-be settler working in Ma'alot is living in temporary accommodation and travelling home every week-end to his wife and children in Petah Tikva. And — agreeing with Mr. Rosen in his letter of September 23 — having received an apartment and having applied for the much talked about loans and grants, one has again to tackle the maze of government bureaucracy and red tape with delays of up to six months in paying such minor items as moving costs, to which new settlers are entitled.

A separate office for the settling of the Galilee exists in name only. Unless the office begins to coordinate its activities with other government offices and work effectively, the Government can offer all the incentives it wants — to no avail.

MICHAEL YOUNGERWOOD

Ma'alot.